

Solutions & Planning Tools for Sustainable Water Supply in Prosperous Regions with Water Shortage

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Frankfurt a.M. 20.02.2019



**TRUST - Sustainable, fair and environmentally sound drinking water supply
for prosperous regions with water shortage:**

**Developing solutions and planning tools for achieving the Sustainable Development Goals
using the river catchments of the region Lima/Peru as an example**



Universität Stuttgart

Center for Interdisciplinary Risk and Innovation Studies - ZIRIUS
Institute for Sanitary Engineering, Water Quality and Solid Waste Management - ISWA



Institute for Water and River Basin Management - IWG
Institute of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing - IPF



TZW: DVGW-Technologiezentrum Wasser (Karlsruhe)



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How to achieve SDG 6 in prosperous regions of the world?

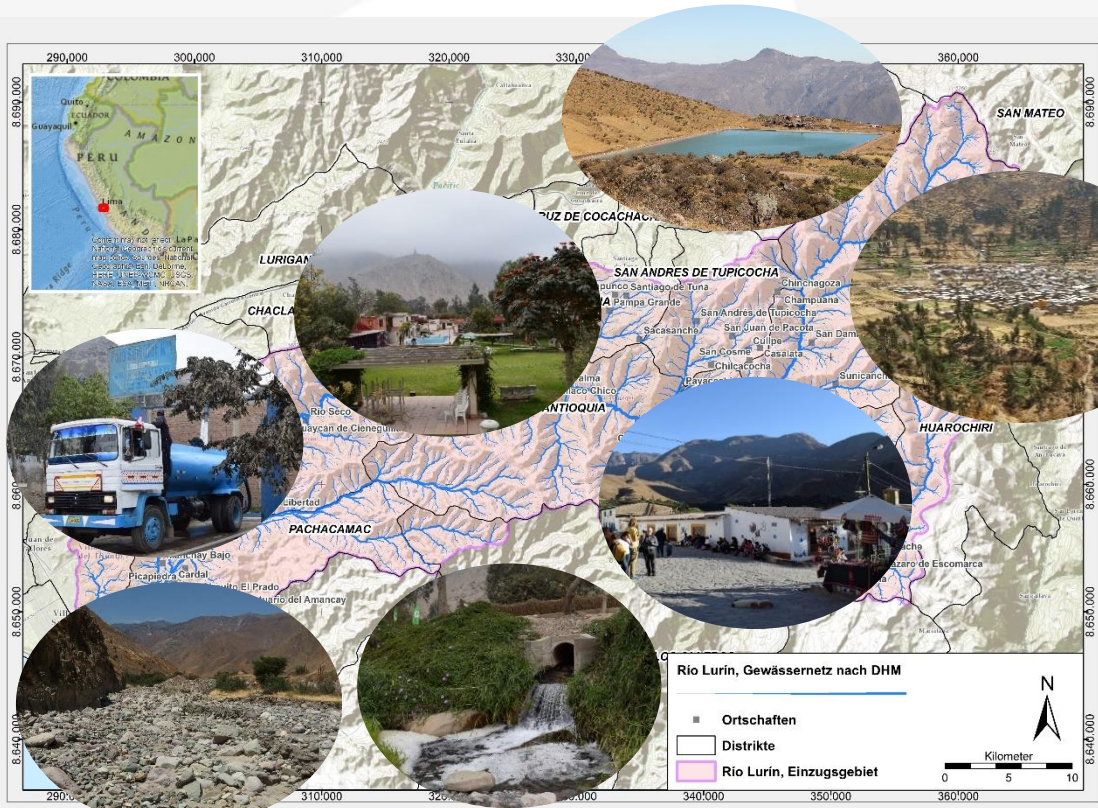
Lima/Peru



- economic growth region
- high population growth
- increasing water demand
- competing water users: industry, agriculture, tourism, households
- unequal access to safe drinking water and sanitation services
- water scarcity
- river discharge: strong seasonality
- overexploitation of groundwater
- incomplete monitoring network
- complex governance structure

Catchment areas in prosperous regions tackling water scarcity

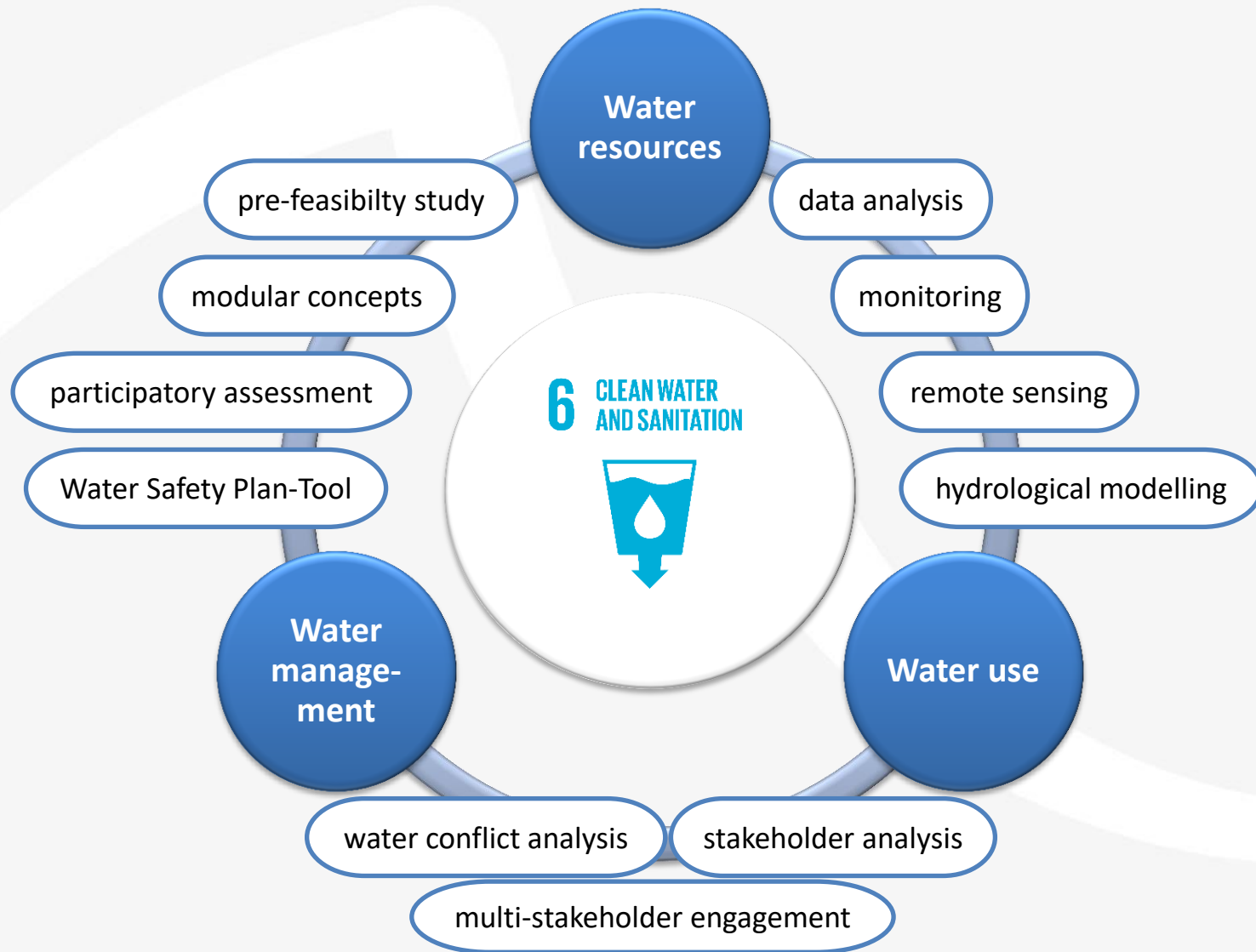
Case study: **Rio Lurin watershed, Lima/Peru** (area: 1670 km²)



- Lurin, upper part:
 - rural-urban migration
 - traditional agriculture
 - rainy season < 5 months
 - water storage (reservoirs)
- Lurin, lower part:
 - high population growth
 - increasing industrial activities
 - urbanization vs. green areas
 - nearly zero precipitation

Cartography: TZW, Data source DHM: TanDEM-X / DLR





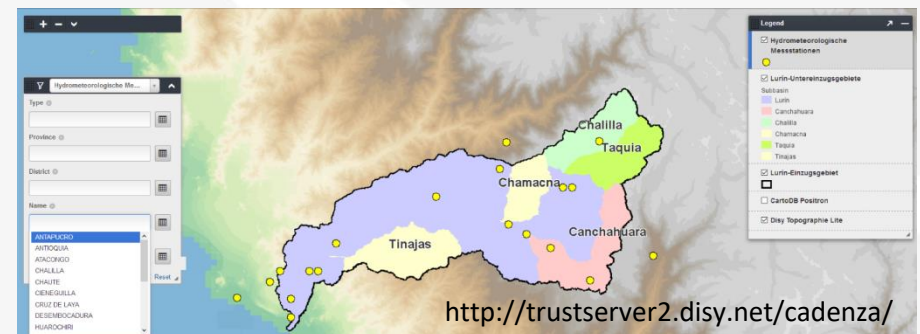
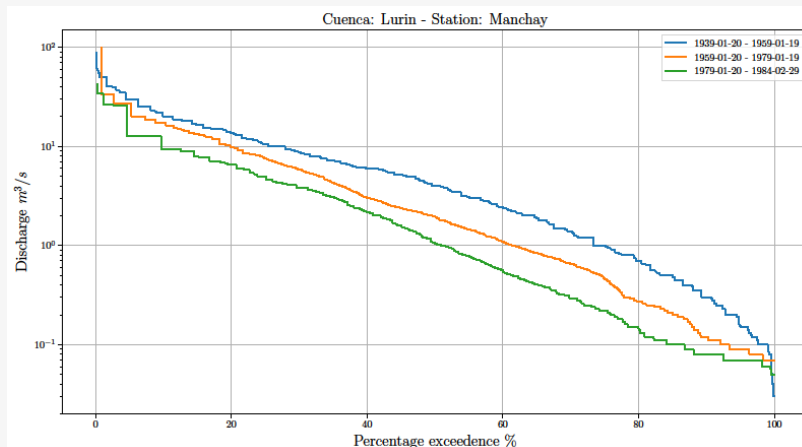
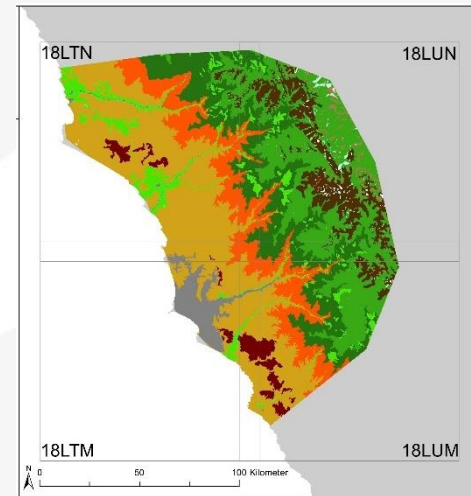
- Rio Lurin watershed (Lima, Peru)



- Klingenberg reservoir (Saxony, Germany)

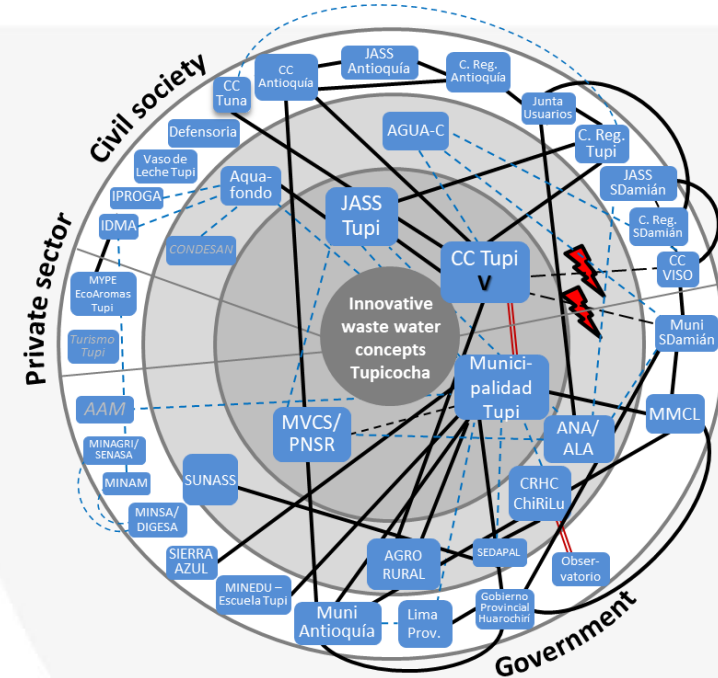


- combining terrestrial observations, remote sensing data, hydrological modelling
- installation of rain gauges, water level gauges, meteo stations
- hyperspectral camera, EnMAP satellite mission to characterize water hygiene and land use
- data management repository (GIS portal)



Results: stakeholder & conflict analysis

- stakeholder analysis (roles, relationships, goals) based on interviews and online research
- identification of actors for participatory processes
- stakeholder dialogues
- community-based assessment of alternative drinking water and waste water concepts
- methodology for analysis of water conflicts



Conflict analysis using Cross-Impact Balances (CIB)

- Lurin (latent) conflicts: upper vs. lower catchment, **between goals & between policies/measures** of different users (agriculture, industry, tourism, households)
- objective: identify **conflict free policy mixes** for the entire catchment, to fulfill water related goals of different users
- methodology: qualitative, semi-formalized form of systems analysis: **Cross-Impact Balance analysis CIB** (Weimer-Jehle 2006)

→ see poster!



Cross-impact matrix (stylized)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	n	G	CC	6.1	6.6
	a	b	c	d	a	b	c	d	a	b	c
goal 1											
policy 1a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 1b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 1c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 1d	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goal 2											
policy 2a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 2b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goal 3											
policy 3a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 3b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 3c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goal 4											
policy 4a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 4b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goal 5											
policy 5a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 5b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goal 6											
policy 6a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 6b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
policy 6c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goal ...											
goal ... a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goal ... b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goal n											
goal na	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
goal nb	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Governance											
G a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G d	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Climate change											
C a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
C c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SDG 6.1											
6.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SDG 6.6											
6.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

*= interrelations between SDG targets

Results: management tools & concept modules

- analysis of local water cycles
- integrated concepts for water supply and waste water treatment, incl. water efficiency and reuse
- adapted to different scales (upper, middle, lower catchment; rural, semi-rural, urban areas)
- capacity building on management of WWTP for local partners
- demonstration plant testing
- decision-support-tool based on WSP

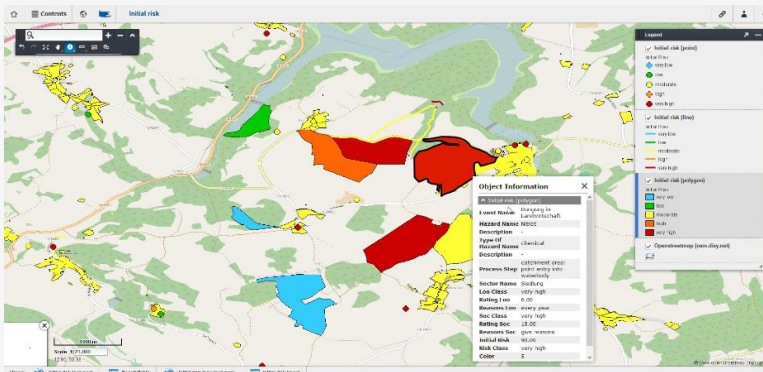
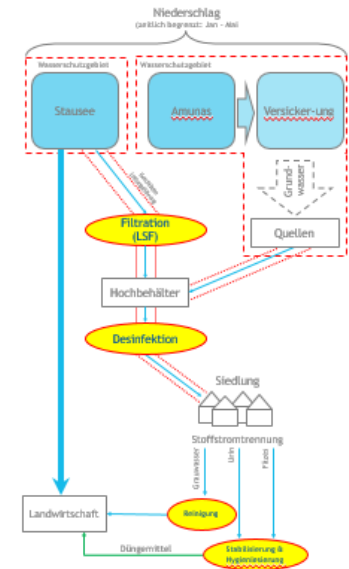


Abb. 1: Schematische Darstellung der Wasser- und Stoffflüsse.

Outlook

- capacity building for local partners (e.g. Expoagua 2019)
- hydrological model: scenario-based analysis of water management measures
- conflict analysis: identify conflict-free policy mixes to achieve water-related goals on different levels
- multi-stakeholder dialogue: discuss policy options
- findings on combination of terrestrial observations, remote sensing techniques, hydrological modelling
- SDG contribution of water supply and wastewater management schemes
- implementation & pilot: pre-feasibility study for water supply & wastewater treatment concept in San Andrés de Tupicocha
- transfer of TRUST-products (manuals, WSP-tool)
- challenge: coordination with local actors, weak governance & authority to implement integrated solutions





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Muchas gracias!



This project is sponsored by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research (BMBF) as part of the funding measure „Water as a Global Resource“ (GRoW).